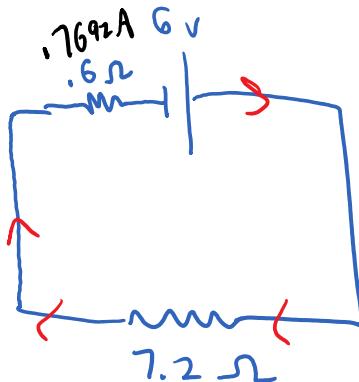


Lesson 6 Homework Solutions

Tuesday, June 2, 2020 9:03 AM

Lesson 6 Homework

- 1) Find the terminal voltage of a 6.0 volt cell with $0.60\ \Omega$ internal resistance that is connected to a $7.2\ \Omega$ load
(5.53 V)

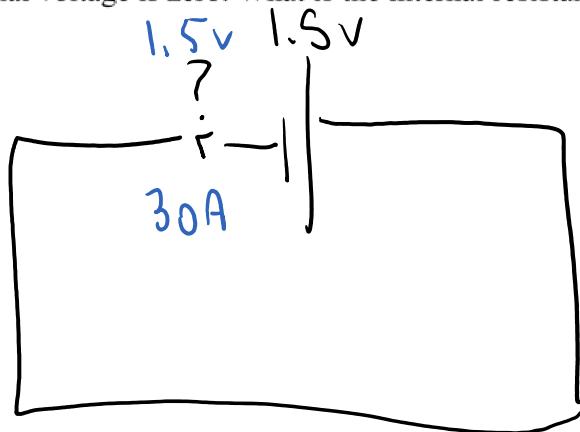


$$R_T = 7.8\ \Omega$$

$$I_T = \frac{6}{7.8} = 0.7692\ A$$

$$V_{term} = 6 - I_T r = 6 - 0.7692(0.6) = 5.54\ V$$

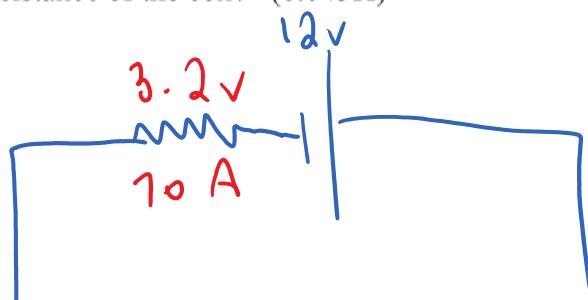
- 3) A 1.5 V dry cell is short circuited and produces a maximum current of 30. A. At this current, the terminal voltage is zero. What is the internal resistance of the cell? (0.050 Ω)



$$r = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{1.5}{30}$$

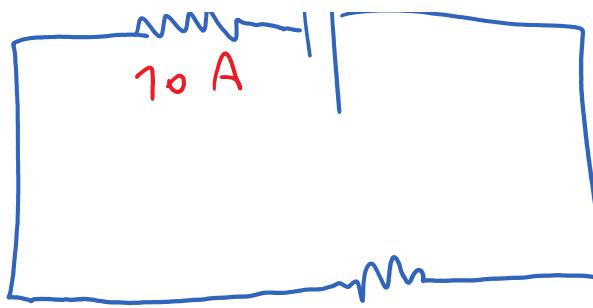
$$r = 0.050\ \Omega$$

- 4) A 12.0 volt cell has 8.8 V terminal voltage when it is providing 70. A of current. What is the internal resistance of the cell? (0.045Ω)



$$12 - 8.8 = 3.2\ V$$

$$r = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{3.2}{70} = 0.045\ \Omega$$



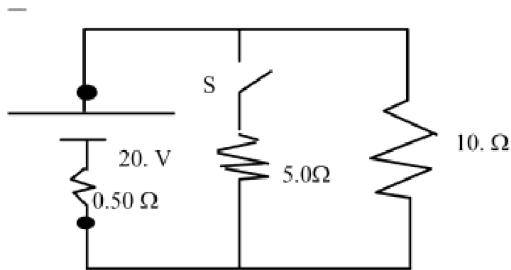
$$R = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{3.2}{70} = 0.046 \Omega$$

Q7. find the total current in this circuit when the switch(S) is

a) open

b) closed

(1.9 A; 5.2 A)



$$\text{a)} R_T = 10 + .5 = 10.5 \Omega$$

$$I_T = \frac{20}{10.5} = 1.9 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{b)} \frac{1}{R_{II}} = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{10} \rightarrow R_{II} = 3.33 \Omega$$

$$R_T = 3.3 + .5 = 3.83 \Omega$$

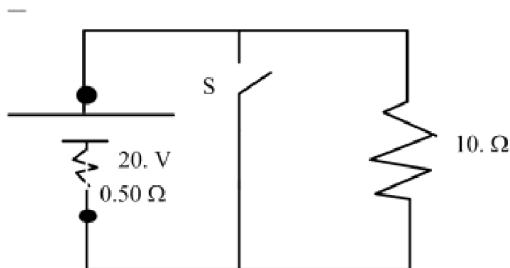
$$I_T = \frac{20}{3.83} = 5.2 \text{ A}$$

Q8. find the total current in this circuit when the switch(S) is

a) open

b) closed

(1.9 A; 40. A)



$$\text{a)} R_T = 10 + .5 = 10.5$$

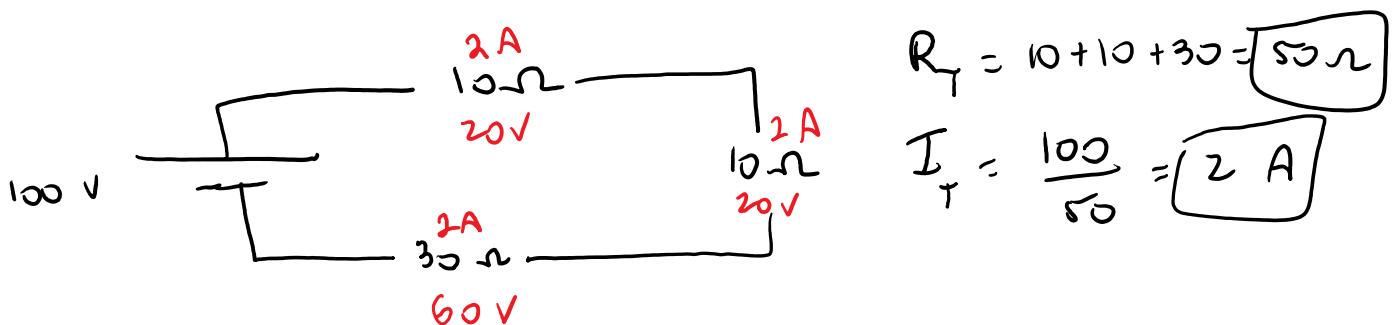
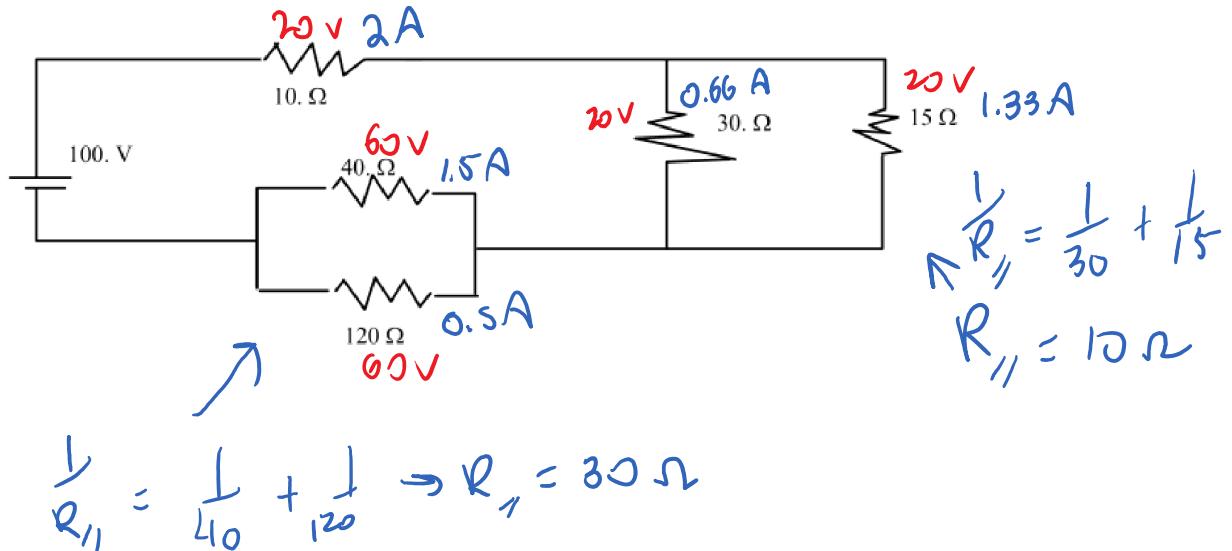
$$I_T = \frac{20}{10.5} = 1.9 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{b)} R_T = 1.5 \Omega$$

$$I_T = \frac{20}{15} = 40 \text{ A}$$

9) Find R_t and I_t then all voltages and currents

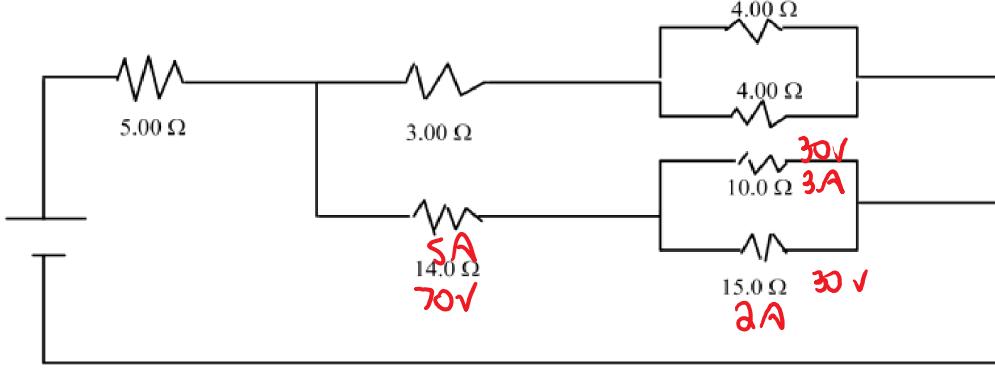
($50\Omega, 2.0\text{A}; 20\text{V}, 2.0\text{A}; 20\text{V}, 0.67\text{A}; 20\text{V}, 1.3\text{A}; 60\text{V}, 1.5\text{A}; 60\text{V}, 0.50\text{ A}$)

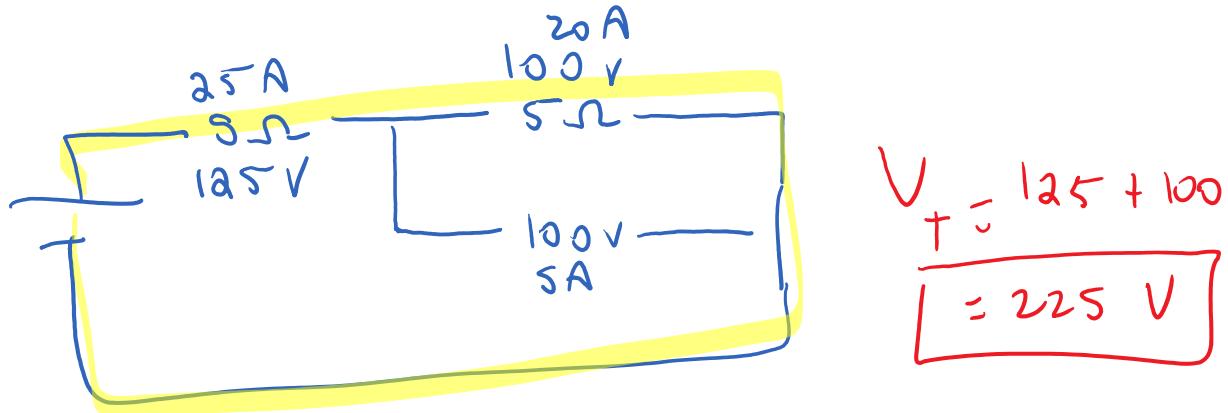


10) Find the cell voltage given that 2.00A flows through the 15.0Ω . (225V)

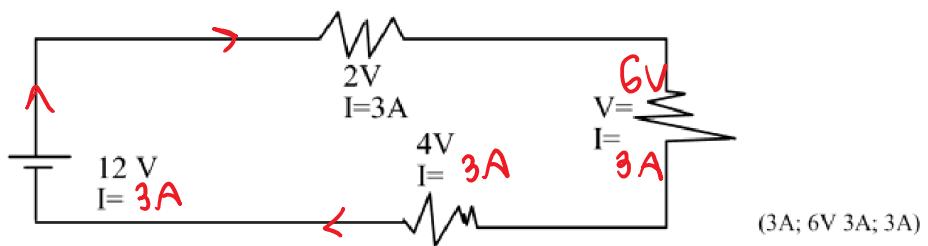
$$\frac{1}{R_{II}} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$R_{II} = 2 \Omega$$



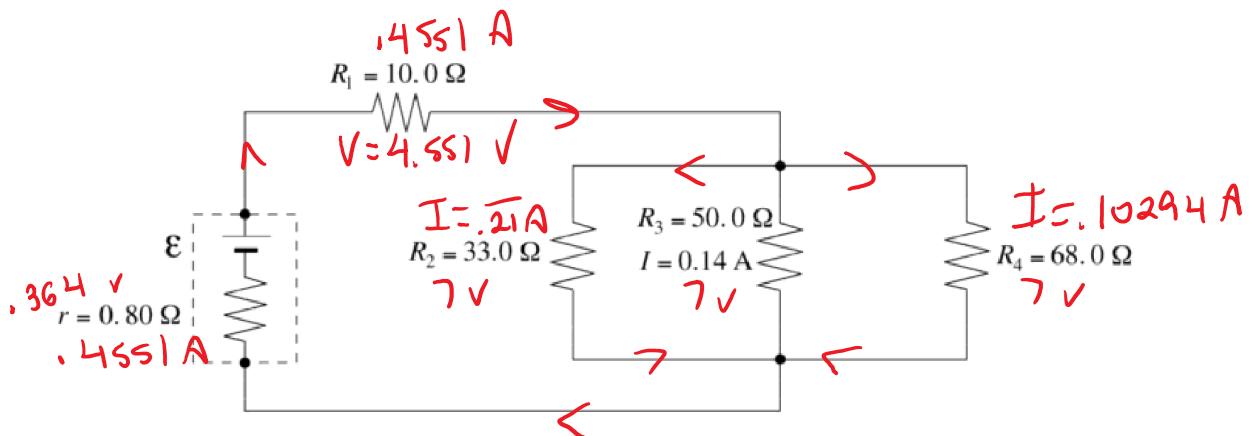


11) Find the unknown voltage drops and currents



(13)

The current through the $50.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit below is 0.14 A.



a) Determine the emf of the battery. (5 marks)

b) Determine the power dissipated in the battery's internal resistance. (2 marks)

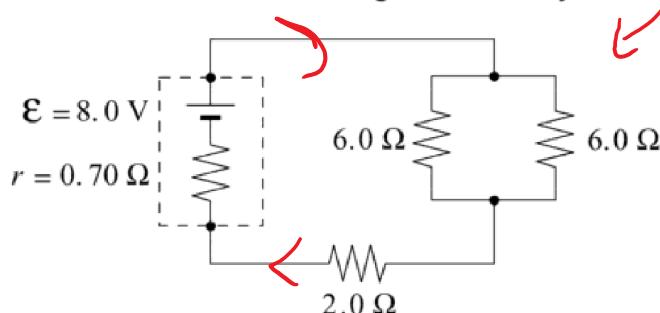
$$I_T = 0.4551\text{ A}$$

a) $E = 4.551 + 7 + 3.64 = 11.9\text{ V}$

b) $P_i = V I = (3.64)(0.4551) = 0.166\text{ W}$

(14.)

In the following circuit, what is the terminal voltage of the battery?



$$\frac{1}{R_{\parallel}} = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$R_{\parallel} = 3\ \Omega$$

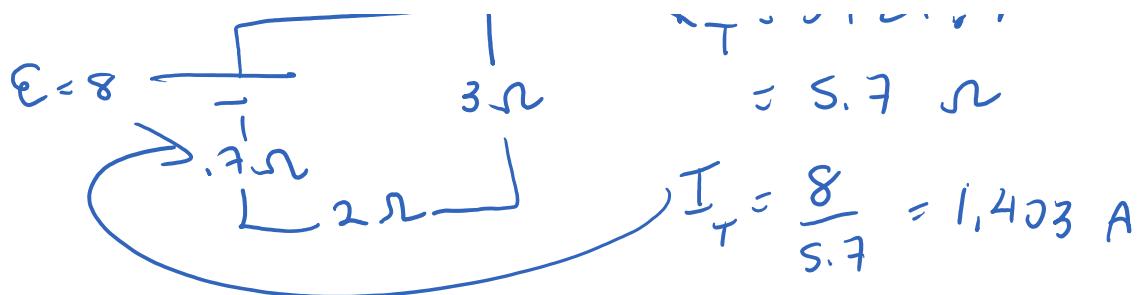
- A. 6.9 V
- B. 7.0 V**
- C. 8.0 V
- D. 9.0 V

$$E = 8 \quad - \quad 3\ \Omega$$

$$R_T = 3 + 2 + 7$$

$$= 5.7\ \Omega$$

- C. 8.0 V
D. 9.0 V

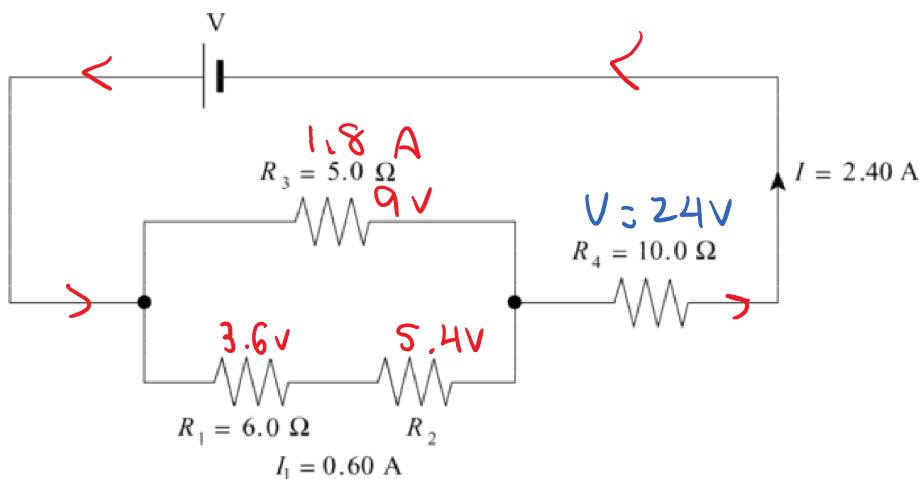


$$V_T = 8 - I_r = 8 - 1.403(0.7) = 7.02 \text{ V}$$

15.

- a) Find the value of resistor R_2 .

(5 marks)



- b) Find the potential difference of the power supply, V.

(2 marks)

a) $R_T = \frac{5.4}{1.6} = 9\Omega$

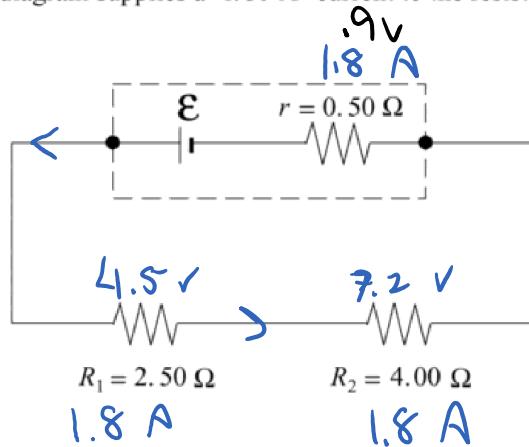
b) $V = 9 + 24 = 33 \text{ V}$

16.

The cell shown in the diagram supplies a 1.80 A current to the resistors R_1 and R_2 .

1.9V

The cell shown in the diagram supplies a 1.80 A current to the resistors R_1 and R_2 .



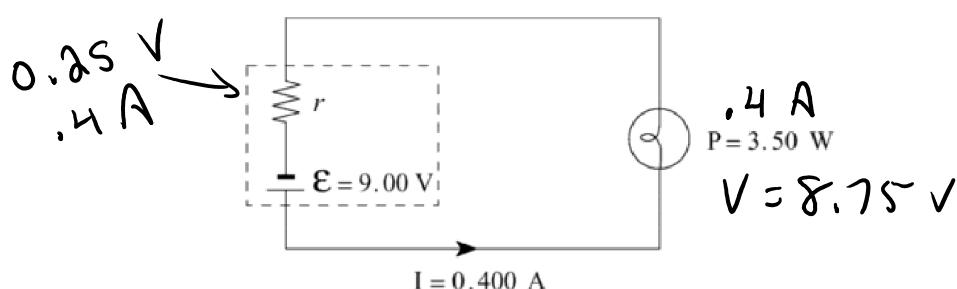
- a) What is the terminal voltage of the cell? (3 marks)
- b) What is the emf of the cell? (4 marks)

$$a) V_T = 4.5 + 7.2 = 11.6 \text{ V}$$

$$b) \mathcal{E} = 11.6 + 0.9 = 12.5 \text{ V}$$

(17)

The circuit shown in the diagram below consists of a 9.00 V battery and a 3.50 W light bulb.



$$P = V I$$

- a) If a current of 0.400 A leaves the battery, what is the internal resistance, r , of the battery? (5 marks)

$$r = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{2.5}{0.4} = 0.625 \Omega$$